DEAR BILL LETTER

Richland Center, N. Y. Aug. 14, 1921.

Dear Bill:

A dog chasing his tail is making real progress compared with you. There's no sense in getting all "het up" just because your greenkeeper does not recognize you as the fountain-head of all knowledge. You must remember that you are about twenty-fifth in the line of chairmen that he has had to do with. He has seen them come and go like other animal pests, and without doubt he looks upon you as something to be endured with the best grace possible. You'll have to serve two or three years at least before you amount to anything; and he knows it. So don't get yourself all covered with lather because things don't go to suit you right off the bat.

After you've lived with your greenkeeper a year or so you will have a better notion of what he is up against and how he is trying to solve his problems; and on the other hand if you show that you really have the goods and know a little of what you are talking about he will commence to get your viewpoint and you two will get along fine.

When the chronic kicker on your board lets out his regular howl that expenses must be cut and it is all nonsense to spend so much money on the course, you'll feel there is no one on earth who has any sympathetic interest in you and your work except your greenkeeper, and vou'll talk things over with him and get loaded up with facts and be prepared to floor your kicker friend at the first opportunity. They're all more or less alike, Bill, and you must get to understand them and think the way they think before you'll accomplish much. Don't forget your greenkeeper has probably forgotten more than you'll ever know; and when it comes to the practical end of the work, such as employing and handling men, laying out and completing work, getting the work done some how or other in spite of weather and what not, you will always be more or less useless. There's lots you can do to make yourself useful if you'll only set about it. It's a ten-to-one shot your greenkeeper is chock full of prejudices, whims, and fancies, and it's more

SUBSCRIBERS TO U.S.G.A. GREEN SECTION RESEARCH AND EDUCATION FUND, INC.

Augusta National Golf Augusta, Ga. Club, Catto & Putty, Clapper Co., Bob Dunning, Floyd Farley, Donald Harradine,

San Antonio, Tex. West Newton 65, Mass. Tulsa, Okla. Oklahoma City, Okla. Magliaso Tessin, Switzerland Lynn, Mass.

Dunedin, Fla.

Lionel MacDuff.

Metropolitan Golf Writers' Association, Manhasset, N. Y. National Golf Fund,

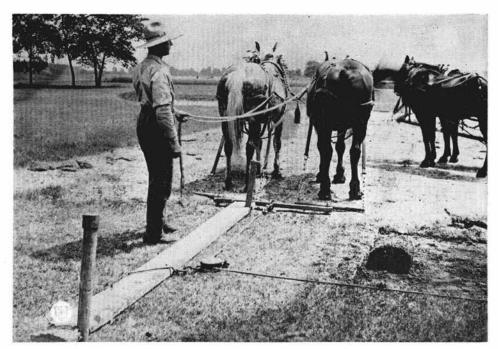
Inc., New England Golf

Association. Boston, Mass. Association, Boston, Mass.
Connecticut State Golf Association
Maine State Golf Association
Massachusetts State Golf Association
New England Golf Association
New Hampshire State Golf Association
Rhode Island State Golf Association
Vermont State Golf Association
Vermont State Golf Association
Vermont State Golf Association Bernard H. Ridder, Jr., St. Paul, Minn.

J. H. Watson, Marietta, Ohio

than likely he would refuse to recognize a scientifically proven fact if he met it with a cow bell on it. While you are learning the game, see that he comes along with you; and when you think you have discovered something entitling you to a niche in the hall of fame, talk it over with him and find out how many holes he can blow through it. I'd be suspicious if he agreed with you about anything. If he does, you can make up your mind it's some fool thing that will not cost much and do little harm, After awhile you'll get on a working basis with your man so he'll really discuss the problems with you and try out his views on you. When you each begin to recognize that the other knows something and when you can scrap out your questions and troubles in a friendly way, then you'll be on a sound basis and you'll both be rendering real service to your club. Instead of going blindly along in the oldfashioned way, according to the old prejudices and fancies, you will be at least trying to reason things out, and you may find that two heads are better than one.

Another thing, Bill. Don't insist on carrying the flag over the ramparts. Don't try to get out in the spotlight. You may have helped create some praiseworthy result or condition, but the real work was done by the practical man. And see that he gets the credit due him.



This "how-to-do-it" photo appeared in Volume 1 of the Green Section Bulletin in 1921. The picture was taken at Inverness Club in Toledo, Ohio. The caption explained how the team of horses can be operated at right angles to the direction in which the sod is being cut. Thus the ingenious use of a plank and a pulley overcomes the necessity of having the horses walk on the sod which is to be cut.

You must remember also that your man has been tied down to his job for year after year and he has had no chance to get about and find out what others are doing. You get a line every day on your competitors; and it keeps you up-todate and keen. There's every reason in the world why your man should get in a rut; but it's up to you to get him out and to keep out yourself. There's more to learn about this business than either of you realize; and if you'll both wake up to the fact and go at it together you'll make a great team and you'll both enjoy it. Take him with you to Washington some time and show him the grass plots at Arlington, and you'll both see more different kinds of grass and strains of grass than you supposed were in existence. Go together to some nearby city and spend a couple of days looking over the other fellow's course, and you'll both learn something. Try to understand that science has long ago demonstrated many facts, and that if you can learn the truth

and apply it in a practical way you'll get results and save money. If some slick talker comes along and wants to spray your turf with an assortment of bacteria, you'll show him the gate instead of falling as a victim of conversation you don't understand.

I never met a greenkeeper yet who didn't know something worth learning, though some of them seem to think their secrets should be zealously guarded and be handed down to their sons. You'll enjoy listening to the "bunk" and stuff you'll get in response to your questions, and you two will enjoy many a laugh when you compare notes. Why, I had one top-notch greenkeeper solemnly tell me that a certain weed was grass turned foul from over-watering—and the melancholy part was that he believed it.

Bill, I'm getting awfully sick of wasting good advice on you. The soil is too barren to respond to the topdressing of the wisdom you ought to find in these letters. Hereafter instead of belly-aching to me about your troubles, go out to the barn and sit down on a box and figure them

out with your partner.

If you two are going to spend from \$15,000 to \$25,000 a year of your club's money, it's up to you both to work together and hold directors' meetings -just the two of you-back of the barn or out around the course, so you can both understand and thrash out your problems; and if you can't agree, for the love of Mike don't call in an "expert." The expert will solve your problems without the aid of spectacles or a crutch: but if you set on his eggs your expected chickens will be ducks; or more likely the eggs will turn out to be China doorknobs.

Bill, don't bother me any more. I have trouble enough making my wife believe I know something without taking you on too. When you have served your novitiate and can think like a real greenkeeper we'll consider you as an applicant for the first degree; but you've got to choose your course, Bill, and do it quickly. You can either be an ornamental chairman and content yourself with pretty raiment, or you can learn the work and amount to something. I hope these few words will find you well.

Yours, Chauncey.

P. S.—Do all the clubs in your town belong to the Green Section of USGA? You ought to take it upon yourself to see that they do. Do it now!

From Vol. 1, No. 8 August 22, 1921

Removal of Grass Clippings

Nothing is quite so nasty near an otherwise perfect green as the usual pile of grass clippings. They become rotten and malodorous, and while we sympathize with the poor golfer who steps into the slimy mess, we think the greenkeeper deserves criticism. Incidentally such grass heaps are breeding places for many insects. Why not require clippings from greens to be emptied in burlap sacks which can be hauled away to use in a compost pile? This involves very little extra labor and is worth while in every way.

From Vol. 1, No. 9 September 16, 1921

Questions and Answers

Q. How can we keep our tees in good condition? They are always ragged or cutup? E. J. M.

A. If tees were given a fraction of the attention devoted to putting greens they could be enormously improved over the present average. Practically total neglect or else good attention once a year is the usual treatment given to tees. It is not enough. One little scheme that will preserve the grass on the tee for those who wish to use it is to have the tee plates at the extreme front and have the first yard of the tee bare. Ninety per cent of the players to gain this yard will tee on the bare place, and thus reduce divoting to a minimum. Perhaps the best way to cover bare spots formed in the turf on the tee is by inserting a piece of sod when necessary. Indeed resodding all or most of a tee every spring is a method used on some courses.

If any one has discovered how to keep grassed tees perfect, we want him to give us his method.

From Vol. 1, No. 3 March 23, 1921

Q. Our club is a very small one and we have only a small course. Do you feel it would pay us to belong to the Green Section? W. D. B. Massachusetts.

A. We think your club is just the type that will benefit most by participation in the Green Section, as you no doubt wish to get the best results from the least expenditure of money. We are confident that you will find hints and suggestions in the Bulletin alone which will save you many times the cost. We propose to give just as much, or more, attention to the numerous small courses such as yours as to those which are large and rich.

From Vol. 1, No. 4 April 22, 1921

Q. The writer would like to know whether you have had any experience in building greens with sterilized soil in a manner similar to what the tobacco growers use? Roughly speaking, they steam the soil under a pan until a potato will bake about 6 inches below the surface. This is done to eliminate all weed seeds and to kill any fungus and bacteria which may be in the ground. It would seem as though this might save a very