The whole subject of the house fly is concisely but thoroughly treated in Farmer’s Bulletin No. 851, U. S. Department of Agriculture, which can be secured free upon application to the Department. From this bulletin the above information is extracted.

New Member Clubs of the Green Section

(For Previous Lists See Pages 190 and 220 of This Volume)

Hanover Country Club, Hanover, N. H.
Jackson Heights Golf Club, Elmhurst, L. I., N. Y.
Longue Vue Club, Verona, Pa.
Lawrence Park Golf Club, Erie, Pa.
Biltmore Forest Country Club, Biltmore, N. C.
West End Country Club, New Orleans, La.
Cloquet Golf Club, Cloquet, Minn.

Questions and Answers

All questions sent to the Green Committee will be answered as promptly as possible in a letter to the writer. The more interesting of these questions, with concise answers, will appear in this column each month. If your experience leads you to disagree with any answer given in this column, it is your privilege and duty to write to the Green Committee.

While most of the answers are of general application, please bear in mind that each recommendation is intended specifically for the locality designated at the end of the question.

1. Inadvisability of mixing redtop with bent seed.—We have been advised not to mix bent and redtop seed for seeding putting-greens, but inasmuch as we will want to play nine of our greens just as early next season as possible, do you not think that a mixture of bent and redtop seeds would give us quicker and surer results?—(Indiana.)

As for mixing bent and redtop seed for the greens, we advise against this. The bent seed is quick in germinating. It germinates quite as quickly in fact as does the redtop seed, and there is practically no advantage from mixing these from the standpoint of getting turf at an early date.

2. Planting creeping bent runners in green construction.—Will you kindly give us information relative to the proper method of planting creeping bent stolons?—(Missouri.)

While the whole process of vegetative planting seems very simple to us, we have found by experience that it is not a safe one for everyone to handle unless directions are followed very carefully. In the first place it must be thoroughly understood that it is living material that is being handled and which must not be allowed to dry out during the planting process. The proper way to go about it is to have the green prepared just as one would if he were going to seed. Then the runners are taken up, chopped into lengths of 2 or 3 inches, and spread out as evenly as possible on the ground, after which they should be covered immediately with a thin layer of top-dressing material, say about one-eighth of an inch. At this point we would advise to just dampen it with a fine spray of water—not enough to make the ground wet but sufficient to allow it to pack when rolled with a light hand roller. After this rolling, about \( \frac{3}{8} \) to \( \frac{1}{2} \) inch layer of top-dressing is applied evenly and rolled again. It is necessary at this stage to keep the ground continually moist for at